KT graph orientations

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Orientation of a digraph

Definition

Let G = (V, E) be a graph. We say H = (V', E') is an orientation of G if V' = V and for all $(x, y) \in E$ either $(x, y) \in E'$ or $(y, x) \in E'$. A digraph is a graph with an orientation.



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Introduction			

Coloring of a graph

Definition

A (proper) vertex n-coloring of a graph G = (V, E) is a function $f: V \to \{1, ..., n\}$ such that for all $(x, y) \in E$, $f(x) \neq f(y)$.



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Parameters of a graph

Definition (Chromatic number)

The *chromatic number* of a graph G (denoted $\chi(G)$) is the minimum number of colors required to obtain a proper coloring of G.

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Definition (Clique number)

The *clique number* of a graph G (denoted $\omega(G)$) is the number of vertices in a maximum clique (subgraph in which every pair of vertices have an edge) of G.

Introduction			

Background

Observation

 $\chi(G) \ge \omega(G).$

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Introduction			

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Definition (χ -boundedness)

A graph G is χ -bounded if there exists a function $f : \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{N}$ such that $\chi(H) \leq f(\omega(H))$ for each induced subgraph H of G.

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Examples

Perfect graphs, i.e., graphs G for which $\chi(G) = \omega(G)$. (Eg: Triangle graph $K_{3.}$)

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Motivation ●000		

History

Question

Are all graphs χ -bounded?



Motivation ●000		

History

Question

Are all graphs χ -bounded?

NO! Erdős, Mycielski, Tutte (separately) constructed graphs G with large girth and large chromatic number, i.e., $\omega(G) \leq 2$, and $\chi(G) = t$, for any $t \in \mathbb{N}$.

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Conjecture (Gyárfás-Sumner)

All forests are χ -bounded.

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Kierstead and Trotter considered the following orientation:

Definition

Let G be a graph. The *natural orientation* of G is the colored digraph NG = (V, A, f), with arc set $A = \{(x, y) : xy \in E \text{ and } f(x) < f(y)\}.$



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Motivation		

KT orientation

Definition

Let G be a graph, and D be an orientation of G. We say that D is a KT-orientation if for all u, v in V(G), D contains at most one directed path between u and v.



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Motivation		

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Motivation 000●		

Problem

Problem

Which graphs G have a KT-orientation?



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KT graph orientations

	Preliminaries ●00		

Basic examples





	Preliminaries ○●○		

Basic non-examples

Graphs containing K_3 .



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Basic non-examples

Grötzsch graph without a vertex.



	Plan of action and applications	

To find more non-examples and the underlying pattern for classifying the graph families admitting a KT orientation.



	Plan of action and applications	

To find more non-examples and the underlying pattern for classifying the graph families admitting a KT orientation.

The KT orientations have already found applications in:

• Constructing a counterexample to a conjecture about triangle-free induced subgraphs of graphs with large chromatic number.

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• Separating polynomial χ -boundedness from χ -boundedness.

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Thank you for listening!

