Approximability of Euclidean $k$-center and $k$-diameter

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## Motivation

Data clustering: A way of dividing objects (data points) into groups (clusters) such that members of the same group are similar.

We might want to optimize for different parameters, such as:

- Average size of a cluster
- Maximal distance from the center of the cluster ( $k$-center)
- Size of the biggest cluster (Max-k-diameter)


## Definitions

- Def. Let ( $X$, dist) be a metric space and $C \subset X$. Then

$$
\operatorname{diam}(C):=\max \{\operatorname{dist}(x, y) \mid x, y \in C\} .
$$

- Def. For a collection of subsets $C_{1}, C_{2}, \ldots, C_{k} \subset X$,

$$
\operatorname{diam}\left(\left\{C_{1}, C_{2}, \ldots, C_{k}\right\}\right):=\max \left\{\operatorname{dist}(x, y) \mid i \in[k] \& x, y \in C_{i}\right\} .
$$

## Problem

- Max- $k$-Diameter - let ( $X$, dist) be a metric space and let $k$ be a constant. Given as input $P \subset X$, find a $k$-clustering that minimizes $\operatorname{diam}\left(\left\{C_{p}, C_{2}, \ldots, C_{k}\right\}\right)$.
- r-approximate Max-k-Diameter - given ( $X$, dist), $k$, and input $P \subset X$, let $\Delta:=\min \operatorname{diam}\left(\left\{C_{p}, C_{2}, \ldots, C_{k}\right\}\right)$ over all possible clusterings of $P$.

Find a $k$-clustering with diameter at most $r \Delta$.

## Problem



## State-of-the-art Approximability Results

| Metric | NP-Hardness <br> Approximation Factor | Polynomial Time <br> Approximation Factor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\boldsymbol{\ell}_{\infty}$ | $2-\varepsilon[$ Meg90] | 2 [Gon85] |
| $\ell_{0} / \ell_{1}$ | $1.5-\varepsilon[$ FKSPZ24] | 2 [Gon85] |
| $\boldsymbol{\ell}_{2}$ | $1.304[F K S P Z 24]$ | $1.415[\mathrm{BHIO2]}$ |

## Goals of the Project

We want to:

- Study the problem in depth;
- Close the gaps in state-of-the-art.

Barriers to overcome:

- Intermediate distance in $\boldsymbol{\ell}_{1}$;
- Large odd girth in $\ell_{2}$

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No 823748.

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